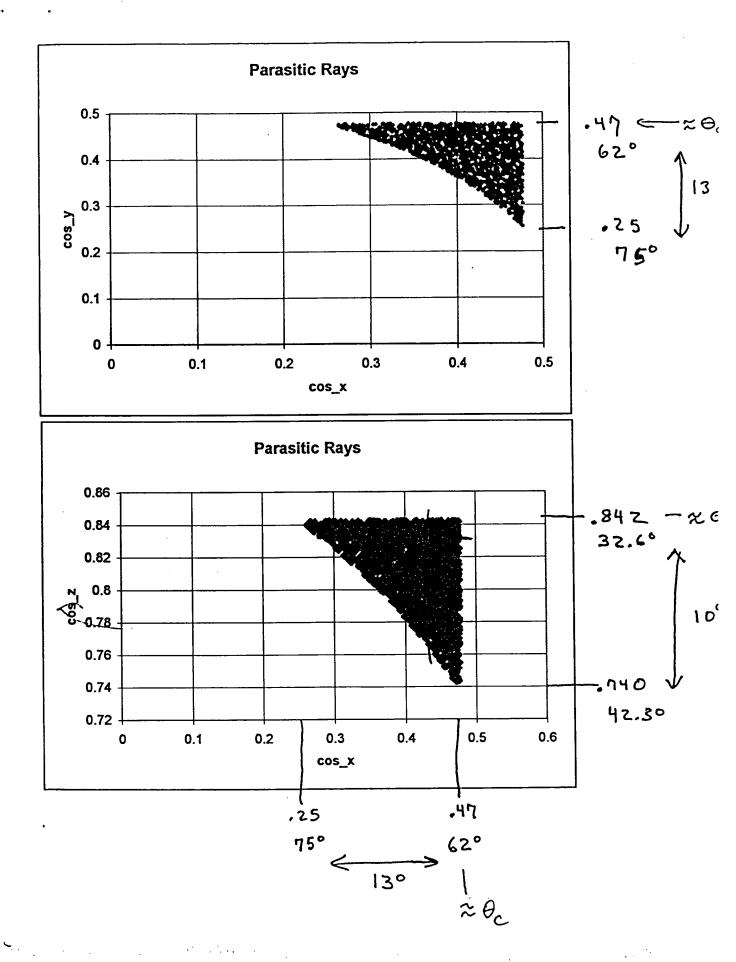
Slab ASE 01			-	
Inputs:	atal tanada A	•		
10	slab length (cm)			
0.35	slab height (cm)			
0.25	slab thickness (cm)			
1.82	slab refractive index			
		<b>u</b>		
1.6	parasitic coating index	More than		
0.08	specific gain (nepers/cm)	1000 parastic	, _	. 10.2.
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```
Dim GainDistribution (1000)
Const pi As Double = 3.141592654
  Sub Main()
  ' Main Macro
                          by Raymond J. Beach
   Macro recorded
   Keyboard Shortcut: Ctrl+u
  'Get input parameters
      Worksheets ("sheet1") . Select
      Range("length").Select: SlabLength = ActiveCell.Value
      Range("height").Select: SlabHeight = ActiveCell.Value
      Range("thickness").Select: SlabThickness = ActiveCell.Value
      Range("slabindex").Select: SlabIndex = ActiveCell.Value
      Range("coatingindex").Select: CoatingIndex = ActiveCell.Value
      Range("specificgain").Select: SpecificGain = ActiveCell.Value
      Range("numberofrays").Select: NumberOfRays = ActiveCell.Value
  'Define other parameters
      NumberOfParasiticDirections = 0
      Mbins = 100
      MaxGain = SpecificGain
      Range("maximumgain").Select: ActiveCell.Value = MaxGain
      RelativeIndex = SlabIndex / CoatingIndex
      If SlabHeight < SlabThickness Then
          MinGain = 2 * Log((RelativeIndex - 1) / (RelativeIndex + 1)) / SlabHeight
      Else
          MinGain = 2 * Log((RelativeIndex - 1) / (RelativeIndex + 1)) / SlabThickness
      Range("minimumgain").Select: ActiveCell.Value = MinGain
  'Initialize the random number generator
      Randomize
  'Start the launch cycle
  For i = 1 To NumberOfRays
  'Define a random launch direction in (+,+,+) quadrant using direction cosines to define the dire
  tion
      Phi = (pi / 2) * Rnd
      Theta = (pi / 2) * Rnd
  'x is the slab height direction
  'y is the slab thickness direction
  'z is the slab length direction
      cx = Sin(Theta) * Cos(Phi)
                                  'direction cos in x-direction
      cy = Sin(Theta) * Sin(Phi)
                                   'direction cos in y-direction
                                   'direction cos in z-direction
      cz = Cos(Theta)
  'Define unpolarized Fresnel reflection coefficients for three different planes that generate im
  ge space
      'x-plane calculation
      Thetal = ArcCos(cx)
      Temp = SlabIndex * Sin(Thetal) / CoatingIndex
      If Abs(Temp) > 1 Then
          Refx = 1
      Else
          Theta2 = ArcSin(Temp)
          Refx = ((Sin(Theta1 - Theta2) / Sin(Theta1 + Theta2)) ^ 2 + (Tan(Theta1 - Theta2) / Tan
  Theta1 + Theta2)) ^ 2) / 2
      End If
      'y-plane Calculation
      Theta1 = ArcCos(cy)
      Temp = SlabIndex * Sin(Thetal) / CoatingIndex
      If Abs(Temp) > 1 Then
```

```
Refy = 1
   Else

    Theta2 = ArcSin(Temp)

       Refy = ((Sin(Thetal - Theta2) / Sin(Thetal + Theta2)) ^ 2 + (Tan(Thetal - Theta2) / Tan
Theta1 + Theta2)) ^ 2) / 2
    End If
    'z-plane calculation
    Thetal = ArcCos(cz)
    Temp = SlabIndex * Sin(Theta1)
    If Abs(Temp) > 1 Then
       Refz = 1
    Else
        Theta2 = ArcSin(Temp)
        Refz = ((Sin(Theta1 - Theta2) / Sin(Theta1 + Theta2)) ^ 2 + (Tan(Theta1 - Theta2) / Tan
Theta1 + Theta2)) ^ 2) / 2
    End If
'Calculate the loss per cm in nepers/cm due to x, y, and z reflections
    Nepersx = cx * Log(Refx) / SlabHeight
    Nepersy = cy * Log(Refy) / SlabThickness
    Nepersz = cz * Log(Refz) / SlabLength
'Calculate the net gain-loss in nepers/cm seen by this ray
    Nepers = SpecificGain + Nepersx + Nepersy + Nepersz
'Bin this launch
    BinNumber = Nbins * (Nepers - MinGain) / (MaxGain - MinGain)
    If BinNumber < 0 Then BinNumber = 0
    GainDistribution(BinNumber) = GainDistribution(BinNumber) + 1
    If Nepers > 0 Then
        Beep
        NumberOfParasiticDirections = NumberOfParasiticDirections + 1
        Worksheets("sheet2").Cells(1 + NumberOfParasiticDirections, 1).Value = cx
        Worksheets("sheet2").Cells(1 + NumberOfParasiticDirections, 2).Value = cy
        Worksheets("sheet2").Cells(1 + NumberOfParasiticDirections, 3).Value = cz
        Worksheets("sheet2").Cells(1 + NumberOfParasiticDirections, 4).Value = Refx
        Worksheets("sheet2").Cells(1 + NumberOfParasiticDirections, 5).Value = Refy
        Worksheets("sheet2").Cells(1 + NumberOfParasiticDirections, 6).Value = Refz
        Check = Sqr(cx ^2 + cy ^2 + cz ^2)
     End If
Next i
End Sub
Function ArcCos(C)
 'Returns the Arc Cos of C.
    If C = 0 Then
        ArcCos = pi / 2
        ArcCos = Atn(Sqr(1 - C ^ 2) / C)
    End If
End Function
Function ArcSin(S)
'Returns the Arc Sin of S
    If S = 1 Then
        ArcSin = pi / 2
        ArcSin = Atn(S / Sqr(1 - S^2))
    End If
End Function
```